Center for Mental Health Services (CMHS) National Advisory Council (NAC) will meet on April 22, 2019, from 11:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. (EDT).

The meeting is open and will include consideration of minutes from the August 1, 2018 SAMHSA, CMHS NAC meeting; updates from the CMHS Directors Report, the Hotline Improvement Act, and future NAC meetings

The meeting will be held via WebEx and telephone only. Interested persons may present data, information, or views, orally or in writing, on issues pending before the Council. Written submissions should be forwarded to the contact person on or before April 15, 2019. Oral presentations from the public will be scheduled at the conclusion of the meeting. Individuals interested in making oral presentation must notify the contact person on or before April 15, 2019. Three minutes will be allotted for each presentation.

This is an open public meeting that will be conducted via WebEx and telephone. Registration is reuired to participate during this meeting. To attend virtually, or to obtain the call-in number and access code, submit written or brief oral comments, or request special accommodation for persons with disabilities, register on-line at: http://snacregister.samhsa.gov/
MeetingList.aspx or comminicate with the CMHS National Advisory Council Designated Federal Officer, Pamela Foote (see contact information below).

Meeting information and a roster of Council members may be obtained either by accessing the SAMHSA Council website at: http://www.samhsa.gov/about-us/advisory-councils/cmhs-national-advisory-council or by contacting Ms. Pamela Foote (see contact information below).

Council Name: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration Center for Mental Health Services National Advisory Council.

Date/Time/Type: Monday, April 22, 2019, 11:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m., EDT, OPEN.

Place: SAMHSA, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20857.

Contact: Pamela Foote, Designated Federal Officer, CMHS National Advisory Council, 5600 Fishers Lane, Room 14E53C, Rockville, Maryland 20857, Telephone: (240) 276–1279, Fax: (301) 480–8491, Email: pamela.foote@samhsa.hhs.gov.

Dated: March 26, 2019.

Carlos Castillo,

Committee Management Officer, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration.

[FR Doc. 2019–06081 Filed 3–28–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4162-20-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

[Docket No. USCG-2018-0873]

Imposition of Conditions of Entry on Certain Vessels Arriving to the United States From the Republic of Seychelles

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard announces that it will impose conditions of entry on vessels arriving from ports in the Republic of Seychelles. Conditions of entry are intended to protect the United States from vessels arriving from countries that have been found to have deficient anti-terrorism port measures in place.

DATES: The policy announced in this notice will become effective April 12,

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For information about this document, call or email Ezekiel Lyons, International Port Security Evaluation Division, United States Coast Guard, telephone 202–372–1296, Ezekiel. J. Lyons@uscg. mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Discussion

The authority for this notice is in 5 U.S.C. 552(a), 46 U.S.C. 70110, and Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 0170.1(II)(97.f). As delegated, section 70110(a) authorizes the Coast Guard to impose conditions of entry on vessels arriving in U.S. waters from ports that the Coast Guard has found to have deficient anti-terrorism measures.

On April 02, 2018, the Coast Guard found that ports in the Republic of Seychelles failed to maintain effective anti-terrorism measures in its ports and that the Republic of Seychelles's designated authority's oversight, access control measures, cargo control measures, and facility monitoring measures are all deficient.

On May 28, 2018, as required by 46 U.S.C. 70109, the Republic of Seychelles was notified of this determination, provided recommendations for improving antiterrorism measures, and given 90 days to respond. In August 2018, the Coast Guard re-visited the Republic of Seychelles to review Seychelles's progress on correcting the security deficiencies. The Coast Guard determined that Seychelles failed to maintain effective anti-terrorism measures in its port facilities.

Accordingly, beginning April 12, 2019, the conditions of entry shown in Table 1 will apply to any vessel that visited a port in the Republic of Sevchelles in its last five port calls.

Table 1—Conditions of Entry for Vessels Visiting Ports in the Republic of Seychelles

No.	Each vessel must:
1	Implement measures per the vessel's security plan equivalent to Security Level 2 while in a port in the Republic of Seychelles. As defined in the ISPS Code and incorporated herein, "Security Level 2" refers to the "level for which appropriate additional protective security measures shall be maintained for a period of time as a result of heightened risk of a security incident."
2	Ensure that each access point to the vessel is guarded and that the guards have total visibility of the exterior (both landside and waterside) of the vessel while the vessel is in ports in the Republic of Seychelles.
3	Guards may be provided by the vessel's crew; however, additional crewmembers should be placed on the vessel if necessary to ensure that limits on maximum hours of work are not exceeded and/or minimum hours of rest are met, or provided by outside security forces approved by the vessel's master and Company Security Officer. As defined in the ISPS Code and incorporated herein, "Company Security Officer" refers to the "person designated by the Company for ensuring that a ship security assessment is carried out; that a ship security plan is developed, submitted for approval, and thereafter implemented and maintained and for liaison with port facility security officers and the ship security officer."
4	Attempt to execute a Declaration of Security while in a port in the Republic of Seychelles.
5	Log all security actions in the vessel's security records.
6	Report actions taken to the cognizant Coast Guard Captain of the Port (COTP) prior to arrival into U.S. waters.

TABLE 1—CONDITIONS OF ENTRY FOR VESSELS VISITING PORTS IN THE REPUBLIC OF SEYCHELLES—Continued

No.	Each vessel must:
7	In addition, based on the findings of the Coast Guard boarding or examination, the vessel may be required to ensure that each access point to the vessel is guarded by armed, private security guards and that they have total visibility of the exterior (both landside and waterside) of the vessel while in U.S. ports. The number and position of the guards has to be acceptable to the cognizant COTP prior to the vessel's arrival.

The following countries do not maintain effective anti-terrorism measures in their ports and are therefore subject to conditions of entry: The Republic of Seychelles, Cambodia, Cameroon, Comoros, Côte d'Ivoire, Equatorial Guinea, The Gambia, Guinea-Bissau, Iran, Iraq, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Micronesia, Nauru, Nigeria, Sao Tome and Principe, Syria, Timor-Leste, Venezuela, and Yemen. The current Port Security Advisory is available at: https://www.dco.uscg.mil/ Our-Organization/Assistant-Commandant-for-Prevention-Policy-CG-5P/International-Domestic-Port-Assessment/.

Dated: March 13, 2019.

Daniel B. Abel,

Vice Admiral USCG, Deputy Commandant for Operations.

[FR Doc. 2019–06106 Filed 3–28–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-04-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Docket ID FEMA-2019-0002]

Changes in Flood Hazard Determinations

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: New or modified Base (1-percent annual chance) Flood Elevations (BFEs), base flood depths, Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) boundaries or zone designations, and/or regulatory floodways (hereinafter referred to as flood hazard determinations) as shown on the indicated Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) for each of the communities listed in the table below are finalized.

Each LOMR revises the Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), and in some cases the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) reports, currently in effect for the listed communities. The flood hazard determinations modified by each LOMR will be used to calculate flood insurance premium rates for new buildings and their contents.

DATES: Each LOMR was finalized as in the table below.

ADDRESSES: Each LOMR is available for inspection at both the respective Community Map Repository address listed in the table below and online through the FEMA Map Service Center at https://msc.fema.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rick Sacbibit, Chief, Engineering Services Branch, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, FEMA, 400 C Street SW, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–7659, or (email) patrick.sacbibit@fema.dhs.gov; or visit the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) online at https://www.floodmaps.fema.gov/fhm/fmx_main.html.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) makes the final flood hazard determinations as shown in the LOMRs for each community listed in the table below. Notice of these modified flood hazard determinations has been published in newspapers of local circulation and 90 days have elapsed since that publication. The Deputy Associate Administrator for Insurance and Mitigation has resolved any appeals resulting from this notification.

The modified flood hazard determinations are made pursuant to section 206 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4105, and are in accordance with the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*, and with 44 CFR part 65.

For rating purposes, the currently effective community number is shown and must be used for all new policies and renewals.

The new or modified flood hazard information is the basis for the floodplain management measures that the community is required either to adopt or to show evidence of being already in effect in order to remain qualified for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

This new or modified flood hazard information, together with the floodplain management criteria required by 44 CFR 60.3, are the minimum that are required. They should not be construed to mean that the community must change any existing ordinances that are more stringent in their floodplain management requirements. The community may at any time enact stricter requirements of its own or pursuant to policies established by other Federal, State, or regional entities.

This new or modified flood hazard determinations are used to meet the floodplain management requirements of the NFIP and are used to calculate the appropriate flood insurance premium rates for new buildings, and for the contents in those buildings. The changes in flood hazard determinations are in accordance with 44 CFR 65.4.

Interested lessees and owners of real property are encouraged to review the final flood hazard information available at the address cited below for each community or online through the FEMA Map Service Center at https://msc.fema.gov.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 97.022, "Flood Insurance.")

Michael M. Grimm,

Assistant Administrator for Risk Management, Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency.

State and county	Location and case No.	Chief executive officer of community	Community map repository	Date of modification	Community No.
Arizona: Mohave (FEMA Docket No.: B- 1862).	City of Lake Havasu City (18–09– 0407P).	The Honorable Mark S. Nexsen, Mayor, City of Lake Havasu City, 2330 McCulloch Boulevard North, Lake Havasu City, AZ 86403.	City Hall, 2330 McCulloch Boulevard North, Lake Havasu City, AZ 86403.	Jan. 21, 2019	040116