

we do discuss the effects of this rule elsewhere in this preamble.

#### F. Environment

We have analyzed this rule under Department of Homeland Security Directive 023-01 and Environmental Planning COMDTINST 5090.1 (series), which guide the Coast Guard in complying with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321-4370f), and have determined that this action is one of a category of actions that do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. This rule involves a safety zone lasting more than one week. Normally such actions are categorically excluded from further review under paragraph L60(a) in Table 3-1 of U.S. Coast Guard Environmental Planning Implementing Procedures 5090.1. A Record of Environmental Consideration supporting this determination is available in the docket where indicated under **ADDRESSES**. We seek any comments or information that may lead to the discovery of a significant environmental impact from this rule.

#### G. Protest Activities

The Coast Guard respects the First Amendment rights of protesters. Protesters are asked to contact the person listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section to coordinate protest activities so that your message can be received without jeopardizing the safety or security of people, places, or vessels.

#### List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Waterways.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 165 as follows:

■ 1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 46 U.S.C. 70034, 70051; 33 CFR 1.05-1, 6.04-1, 6.04-6, and 160.5; Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 0170.1.2.

■ 2. Add § 165.T09-0073 to read as follows:

**§ 165.T09-0073 Safety Zone; Tall Ships Challenge Great Lakes 2019; Buffalo, NY, Cleveland, OH, Bay City, MI, Green Bay, WI, Sturgeon Bay, WI, Kenosha, WI and Erie, PA.**

(a) *Definitions*. The following definitions apply to this section:

(1) Navigation rules means the Navigation Rules, International and

Inland (See, 1972 COLREGS and 33 U.S.C. 2001 *et seq.*).

(2) Official patrol means those persons designated by Captain of the Port Buffalo, Detroit, Sault Ste. Marie, Duluth and Lake Michigan to monitor a tall ship safety zone, permit entry into the zone, give legally enforceable orders to persons or vessels within the zone, and take other actions authorized by the cognizant Captain of the Port.

(3) Public vessel means vessels owned, chartered, or operated by the United States or by a State or political subdivision thereof.

(4) Tall ship means any sailing vessel participating in the Tall Ships Challenge 2019 in the Great Lakes.

(b) *Location*. The following areas are safety zones: All navigable waters of the United States located in the Ninth Coast Guard District within a 100 yard radius of any tall ship.

(c) *Regulations*. (1) No person or vessel is allowed within the safety zone unless authorized by the cognizant Captain of the Port, their designated representative, or the on-scene official patrol.

(2) Persons or vessels operating within a confined harbor or channel, where there is not sufficient navigable water outside of the safety zone to safely maneuver are allowed to operate within the safety zone and shall travel at the minimum speed necessary to maintain a safe course. Vessels operating within the safety zone shall not come within 25 yards of a tall ship unless authorized by the cognizant Captain of the Port, their designated representative, or the on-scene official patrol.

(3) When a tall ship approaches any vessel that is moored or anchored, the stationary vessel must stay moored or anchored while it remains within the tall ship's safety zone unless ordered by or given permission from the cognizant Captain of the Port, their designated representative, or the on-scene official patrol to do otherwise.

(d) *Effective period*. This rule is effective from 12:01 a.m. on Wednesday, June 28, 2019 through 12:01 a.m. on Monday September 2, 2019.

(e) *Navigation Rules*. The Navigation Rules shall apply at all times within a tall ships safety zone.

Dated: June 20, 2019.

**D.L. Cottrell,**

Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, Commander, Ninth Coast Guard District.

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**BILLING CODE 9110-04-P**

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

### 47 CFR Part 74

[MB Docket No. 18-119, FCC 19-40]

### FM Translator Interference; Correction

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

**ACTION:** Final rule; announcement of effective date; correction.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Communications Commission (Commission) is correcting the effective date of rule amendments that appeared in the **Federal Register** on June 14, 2019. The document incorrectly stated the effective date for three of the amended rules as being 30 days from the date of publication in the **Federal Register**. The Commission ordered these amended rules to be effective 60 days from the date of publication in the **Federal Register**.

**DATES:** The effective date for the final rule published June 14, 2019, at 84 FR 27734, is corrected to August 13, 2019, except for the amendments to §§ 74.1203(a)(3) and 74.1204(f), which will become effective after the Commission publishes a document in the **Federal Register** announcing such approval and the relevant effective date.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Christine Goepp, Attorney Advisor, Media Bureau, Audio Division, (202) 418-7834; James Bradshaw, Senior Deputy Chief, Media Bureau, Audio Division, (202) 418-2739; Lisa Scanlan, Deputy Division Chief, Media Bureau, Audio Division, (202) 418-2704. Direct press inquiries to Janice Wise at (202) 418-8165. For additional information concerning the PRA information collection requirements contained in this document, contact Cathy Williams, Federal Communications Commission, at (202) 418-2918, or via email [Cathy.Williams@fcc.gov](mailto:Cathy.Williams@fcc.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Federal Communications Commission (Commission) is correcting the effective date of rule amendments that appeared in the **Federal Register** on June 14, 2019. The document incorrectly stated the effective date for three of the amended rules, 47 CFR 74.1201(k), 74.1203(b), and 74.1233(a)(1), as being 30 days from the date of publication in the **Federal Register**. The Commission ordered these amended rules to be effective 60 days from the date of publication in the **Federal Register**. *Amendment of Part 74 of the Commission's Rules Regarding FM Translator Interference*, Report and Order, FCC 19-40, at para. 56 (rel. May 9, 2019).

The amendments to §§ 74.1203(a)(3) and 74.1204(f), which contain new or modified information collection requirements that require approval by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA), will become effective after the Commission publishes a document in the **Federal Register** announcing such approval and the relevant effective date. The Federal Communications Commission will publish a separate document in the **Federal Register** announcing the effective date of these amendments.

#### Correction

In the **Federal Register** of June 14, 2019, in FR Doc. 2019–12127, on page 27734, in the first and second columns, the **DATES** caption was incorrect. The **DATES** caption in this document is the correct effective date for the June 14, 2019, rule.

Federal Communications Commission.

**Katura Jackson,**

*Federal Register Liaison Officer.*

[FR Doc. 2019–13271 Filed 6–24–19; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6712–01–P**

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### Fish and Wildlife Service

#### 50 CFR Part 14

[Docket No. FWS–HQ–LE–2019–0041;  
FF09L00200–FX–LE18110900000]

**RIN 1018–BE35**

#### Importation, Exportation, and Transportation of Wildlife, Shellfish, and Fishery Products; Importation and Exportation of Green Sea Urchins

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) is amending our regulations regarding the importation and exportation of green sea urchins. We are issuing this final rule pursuant to the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, which includes a provision that directs the Director of the Service to revise our regulations pertaining to import/export licenses to exempt the exportation of green sea urchins under certain circumstances.

**DATES:** This action is effective June 25, 2019.

**ADDRESSES:** This final rule is available on the internet at <http://www.regulations.gov> in Docket No. FWS–HQ–LE–2019–0041.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Dan Coil, Special Agent in Charge, Branch of Investigations, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, (703) 358–1949.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

On December 20, 2018, Congress passed the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, P.L. 115–334, 132 Stat. 4490. Section 12617 of the Act, “Exemption of exportation of certain echinoderms from permission and licensing requirements,” requires the Service to amend its regulations in title 50 of the Code of Federal Regulations at 50 CFR 14.92 to add an exemption for green sea urchins. In particular, Congress directed the Service to add an exemption for “members of the species *Strongylocentrotus droebachiensis* (commonly known as the “green sea urchin”)” and any products of that species that are harvested in U.S. waters or imported for processing pursuant to an import license, and then exported for human or animal consumption, and that otherwise do not require a permit. See section 12617(c) of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, Public Law 115–334, 132 Stat. 4490 (2018).

Section 12617 of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 also prohibits application of the regulatory exemptions to persons who have been convicted of certain Federal wildlife laws within the last 5 years. (Sec. 12617(b)(2)). In addition, the regulatory exemptions will not apply in States if the State agencies that regulate or oversee the fisheries where green sea urchins are harvested have not submitted certain conservation and management data to the Interstate Fisheries Management Program Policy Board of the applicable Marine Fisheries Commission. A State may also be excluded if the applicable Marine Fisheries Commission determines that the information provided fails to prove that the State is engaged in “conservation and management” of the green sea urchin. (Sec. 12617(d)).

##### This Rule

The current regulations in 50 CFR part 14 provide requirements for importation, exportation, and transportation of wildlife. The regulations at 50 CFR 14.92 list four exemptions to the import/export license requirement, including an exemption for certain shellfish and nonliving fishery products that are imported or exported for purposes of human or animal consumption or taken in waters under the jurisdiction of the United States or on the high seas for recreational purposes.

Per direction of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, we now amend the regulations at 50 CFR 14.92. The rule language at the end of this document precisely tracks the language of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, with only minor formatting modifications appropriate for inclusion as regulatory language.

Accordingly, this final rule adds a fifth exemption to 50 CFR 14.92 for certain green sea urchins (*Strongylocentrotus droebachiensis*), including any products of that species, that are taken in waters under the jurisdiction of the United States, or are imported into the United States for processing and are exported for purposes of human or animal consumption. This final rule also incorporates the two statutory exceptions to the new exemption from the import/export license requirement. First, § 14.92(a)(5)(ii) provides that the exemption does not apply to any person who has been convicted of one or more violations of a Federal law relating to the importation, transportation, or exportation of wildlife during the previous 5 years. Second, § 14.92(a)(5)(iii) provides that the exemption does not apply in a State that fails to transmit data as required by section 12617(d) of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, or if the applicable Marine Fisheries Commission determines that the data transmitted fails to prove that the State is engaged in conservation and management of the green sea urchin.

##### Effective Date

This final rule is effective upon publication in the **Federal Register**. Section 12617 of subtitle F, General Provisions, of Public Law 115–334, directs the Director of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to issue, within 90 days of enactment of the law, this final rule.

##### Required Determinations

This rulemaking implements section 12617 of subtitle F of Public Law 115–334. Issuance of this rule is a nondiscretionary act for the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Therefore, the promulgation of this rule is not subject to any other provision of statute or regulation that applies to the issuance of Federal rules. Accordingly, in issuing this rule, the Service has not made and is not required to make determinations otherwise required by statute, regulation, or Executive Order for the promulgation of Federal rules.

##### List of Subjects in 50 CFR Part 14

Animal welfare, Exports, Fish, Imports, Labeling, Reporting and